STATE OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Report on the Factories and Works Statistics for the Year 1937-38 and Summary Returns

BY

A. W. BOWDEN, A.I.A. Government Statist, &c.

(BULLETIN No. 12 of 1939.)

STATE OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.—REPORT BY THE GOVERNMENT STATIST OF THE FACTORIES AND WORKS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1938.

SINCE 1931-32, the year of lowest levels, there has been a steady annual improvement in the Secondary Industries of the State, and the year 1937-38 continued to show such substantial progress that, in general, the past year can be considered one of the best on record.

Establishments and Hands.—1,980 establishments were in operation during the year, an increase of 64. The average number of persons employed for the whole year was 44,084, an increase of 3,374, or $8\cdot29$ per cent. The average number of employees, 44,084, is the greatest number ever recorded in factory employment. Included in the hands employed are 1,528 working proprietors.

Salaries and Wages.—The salaries and wages earned for the year totalled £8,412,975, an increase of £894,736, or 11.90 per cent. The salaries and wages for the working proprietors included amounted to £369,815. The average earned per employee was £6 3s. 3d. more than the previous year, the totals being, £190 16s. 10d. (£184 13s. 7d.)

Materials, Etc., Used.—The material used or treated was valued at £21,469,924, an increase of £70,119; in addition, fuel, light, water, and lubricating oils used, £949,858, an increase of £93,050.

The Output for the year was valued at £36,239,937, an increase of £1,711,761, or 4.96 per cent.

The Production Value, that is, the value added to material by the process of manufacture or treatment, was estimated at £13,820,155, an increase of £1,548,592, or $12\cdot62$ per cent. The production value for 1937-38 was the highest ever recorded.

Margin.—After accounting for the expenditure items—Salaries and wages, fuel and light, and materials used aggregating £30,832,757, the margin left to meet all miscellaneous expenses and profit was £5,407,180, an increase of £653,856, or 13.76 per cent.

A. W. BOWDEN, Government Statist, Etc.

Statistical Office, Adelaide, 6th May, 1939.

1. Establishments, Hands, Power.

Item.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Increase on 1936-37.
Establishments	No. 1,895	No. 1,916	No. 1,980	No. 64
Employees (including Working Proprietors)— Males	31,391 7,080	33,400 7,310	36,274 7,810	2,874 500
Total	38,471	40,710	44,084	3,374
Working Proprietors— Males Females	1,382 79	1,405 69	1,448 80	43 11
Total	1,461	1,474	1,528	54
Horsepower— Establishments using power	1,711	1,731	1,783	52
Rated horsepower of engines (in use or idle)— 1. Steam 2. Electric	H.P. 147,696 80,206 16,980 6,501	H.P. 146,379 85,706 17,671 6,367	H.P. 174,262 94,087 20,188 6,267	H.P. 27,883 8,381 2,517 -100
Total	251,383	256,123	294,804	38,681

2. CHIEF EXPENDITURE ITEMS.

Item.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Increase on 1936-37.
1. Materials— Raw materials Containers, etc Tools replaced,	£ 18,256,167 543,268	£ 20,212,171 612,804	£ 20,162,671 712,959	$\begin{array}{c} £ \\ -49,500 \\ 100,155 \end{array}$
repairs, etc	462,315	574,830	594,294	19,464
Total	19,261,750	21,399,805	21,469,924	70,119
2. Fuel, light, water, etc. Coal (a)	972,636 Tons. 259,833 85,666 81,473 £ 104,181 30,267 296,419 26,172 37,808 6,119,210 574,941	856,808 Tons. 282,655 88,269 88,247 £ 98,007 22,121 290,541 29,560 43,328 6,905,161 613,078	949,858 Tons. 295,831 87,781 110,619 £ 114,049 24,450 320,767 32,722 46,475 7,738,348 674,627	93,050 Tons. 13,176 - 488 22,372 £ 16,042 2,329 30,226 3,162 3,147 833,187 61,549
Total	6,694,151	7,518,239	8,412,975	894,736
Salaries of W.P. included above .	318,797	345,601	369,815	24,214
4. Margin for overhead expenses and profit	4,975,554	4,753,324	5,407,180	653,856

- (a) Including those portions classified as materials used.
- (b) Including salaries and wages earned by working proprietors.

3. SALARIES AND WAGES EARNED PER EMPLOYEE DURING YEAR.*

Item.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Increase on 1936-37.
Males Females			213 6 7	£ s. d. 6 11 9 2 10 2
Total	174 0 1	184 13 7	190 16 10	6 3 3

^{*} Salaries and wages of working proprietors included in all averages.

4. VALUE OF FACTORY PREMISES AND PLANT.

	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Increase on 1936-37.
Plant and machinery Land and buildings	£ 9,280,335 8,268,807	£ 9,130,748 8,133,147	\$ 9,402,792 8,379,334	£ 272,044 246,187
Total	17,549,142	17,263,895	17,782,126	518,231

5. VALUE OF OUTPUT AND PRODUCTION.

Item.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Increase on 1936-37.
Output Per inhabitant	\$1,904,091 \$\frac{\xxi}{54} \ \ 8 \ \ 6	£ 34,528,176 £ s. d. 58 13 10	\$36,239,937 £ s. d. 61 6 11	1,711,761 £ s. d. 2 13 1

Value of production (the value added to material by process of treatment).

Per inhabitant $\begin{pmatrix} \hat{x} & s & d & \hat{y} \\ 19 & 18 & 2 & 20 \\ \end{pmatrix}$ Proportion represented	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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Class of Industry.	Estab- lish- ments.	inclu W (avera	oyees, iding T.P. age for Year.)	Salaries and Wages (Inc. W.P.) Paid.	Cost of Fuel, Light, Lubri- cating Oil, and Water.	Cost of Material Used, Tools Replaced, Repairs, Etc.	Value of Output.	Value of Production (Added Value.)	Value of Land, Buildings, Plant, Machinery.
Therefore of the second all:		M.	F.	£	£	£	£	£	£
I. Treatment of non-metalli-	40	700	-	100 710	47.070	100 170	202.024	010 710	200 0=4
ferous metals, etc	46	590	7 38	132,712	45,359	128,152	392,024	218,513	389,674
II. Bricks, pottery, etc	43	1,042		203,777	68,949	188,057	676,115	419,109	358,000
III. Chemicals, dyes, etc IV. Industrial metals, machines,	49	1,268	249	297,181	47,582	1,343,636	2,050,036	658,818	1,304,555
vehicles, etc	509	19,220	963	4,187,415	200 500	0 700 700	14 002 204	F 0.45 0.07	4 461 596
v. Precious metals, jewellery,	509	19,220	905	4,107,410	260,568	8,786,799	14,993,264	5,945,897	4,461,536
etc	20	180	12	30,370	1,922	22,405	67,336	43,009	44,763
vi. Textile and textile goods	31	729	424	162,805	22,031	978,216	1,228,113	227,866	373,007
vII. Skins and leather	27	245	194	63,352	1,882	119,314	212,403	91,207	80,273
VIII. Clothing	281	1,004	3,623	488,148	14,325	533,498	1,220,202	672,379	642,887
IX. Food, drinks, etc.	533	5,080	1,169	1,174,409	207,052	7,292,297	9,975,875	2,476,526	4,256,384
x. Woodworking, etc.	153	1,792	62	350,198	17,170	996,272	1,526,468	513,026	501,300
xi. Furniture, bedding	84	1,052	139	201,155	8,939	338,557	625,406	277,910	252,467
XII. Paper, stationery, etc	112	1,613	657	463,678	18,254	477,131	1,211,242	715,857	1,207,359
XIII. Rubber	28	133	17	23,652	2,293	37,598	79,662	39,771	75,039
xiv. Musical instruments	3	12	2	1,675	15	424	2,686	2,247	1,955
xv. Miscellaneous	16	222	106	49,171	1,926	79,551	179,728	98,251	78,689
Av. Historianous	10		100	10,171	1,020	10,001	113,120	30,201	70,000
Total classes 1. to xv	1,935	34,182	7,662	7,829,698	718,267	21,321,907	34,440,560	12,400,386	14,027,888
xvi. Heat, light, and power	45	2,092	148	583,277	231,591	148,017	1,799,377	1,419,769	3,754,238
Total 1937-38	1,980	36,274	7,810	8,412,975	949,858	21,469,924	36,239,937	13,820,155	17,782,126
Total 1936-37	1,916	33,400	7,310	7,518,239	856,808	21,399,805	34,528,176	12,271,563	17,263,895
Increase	64	2,874	500	894,736	93,050	70,119	1,711,761	1,548,592	518,231

7. Quantities of Commodities Produced.

Where the nature of the industry makes it possible, the quantities as well as the values of commodities are collected. The following are the chief items of those collected:—

T	TT 1	Quantities Produced.				
Description.	Unit.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.		
Aerated waters	doz.	980,632	1,016,380	1,185,362		
Bacon and ham	lb.	6,274,041	7,140,112	5,812,506		
Bark (ground)	ton	4,103	4,065	3,519		
Beer and stout	gall.	5,182,628	5,668,392	6,447,848		
Biscuits	lb.	2,801,339	2,859,078	3,172,34		
Boots and shoes	pair	541,255	522,253	549,93		
Bran	ton	30,290	25,175	27,02		
Bricks	No.	39,699,943	41,493,651	48,731,40		
Butter	lb.	17,017,490	16,657,761	18,922,49		
Cheese	lb.	8,103,243	11,847,355	15,516,87		
Electricity Fertilizers	B.U.	200,488,220	223,925,107	240,902,86		
(Chemical)	ton	212,645	233,455	242,77		
Flour	ton	124,021	119,192	123,87		
Gas	1,000 cub. ft.	1,090,249	1,119,278	1,154,87		
Ice	ton	30,237	30,467	35,29		
Jams and jellies	lb.	7,281,591	7,568,150	7,346,63		
Lard	lb.	212,901	257,645	215,37		
Lime	ton	3,484	4,984	5,74		
Malt	bush.	315,557	277,623	294,03		
Motor bodies	No.	40,404	40,005	49,07		
Pickles	pint	1,309,453	1,353,823	1,442,665		
Pollard	ton	21,179	21,788	23,05		
Preserved fruits	lb.	5,839,002	4,379,963	6,463,150		
Sauces	pint	2,175,603	2,238,593	2,324,56		
Soap	cwt.	69,936	75,784	74,42		

QUANTITIES OF COMMODITIES PRODUCED—continued.

Description.	Unit.	Quantities Produced.				
		1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.		
Spirits (Distilled) Sugar (refined) Tiles Wine Vinegar	pf. gall. ton No. gall. gall.	2,048,599 $29,791$ $808,648$ $13,023,587$ $155,149$	1,983,909 29,667 1,033,145 15,026,502 241,427	2,367,744 31;194 1,559,790 15,888,878 271,354		

8. Quarterly Index Figures of Mid-monthly Employment in Factories.

Index Figures (Mean 1929-30 = 100.)

	Quarters.					
Year.	Sept.	Dec.	March.	June.		
1929-30	103	103	101	94		
1930-31	81	74	71	70		
1931-32	67	70	73	75		
1932-33	74	79	82	83		
1933-34	85	89	93	97		
1934-35	98	101	104	112		
1935-36	111	114	119	121		
1936-37	120	123	129	136		
1937-38	134	137	141	137		

Note.—Factory years 1937-38 (Maximum) = 138; Mean 5 years ended 1928-29 = 122; 1929-30 (Base) = 100; 1930-31 = 74; 1931-32 = 71; 1932-33 = 80; 1933-34 = 91; 1934-35 = 104; 1935-36 = 116; 1936-37 = 127; 1937-38 = 138.

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Statistical Office, Adelaide, 6th May, 1939.